

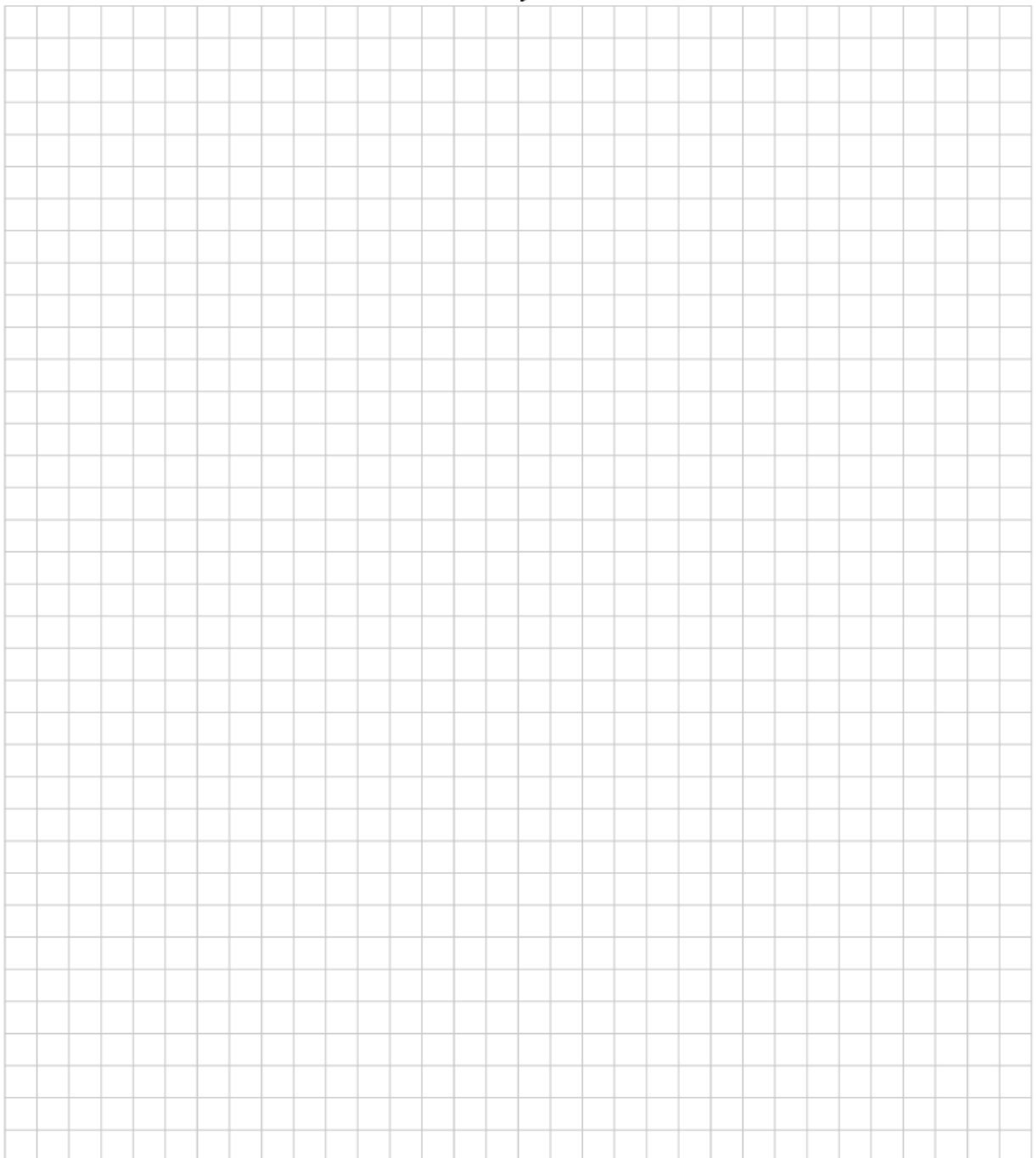
## Question 1

- (a) Find the range of values of  $x$  for which  $|x - 4| \geq 2$ , where  $x \in \mathbb{R}$ .



- (b) Solve the simultaneous equations:

$$\begin{aligned}x^2 + xy + 2y^2 &= 4 \\2x + 3y &= -1.\end{aligned}$$

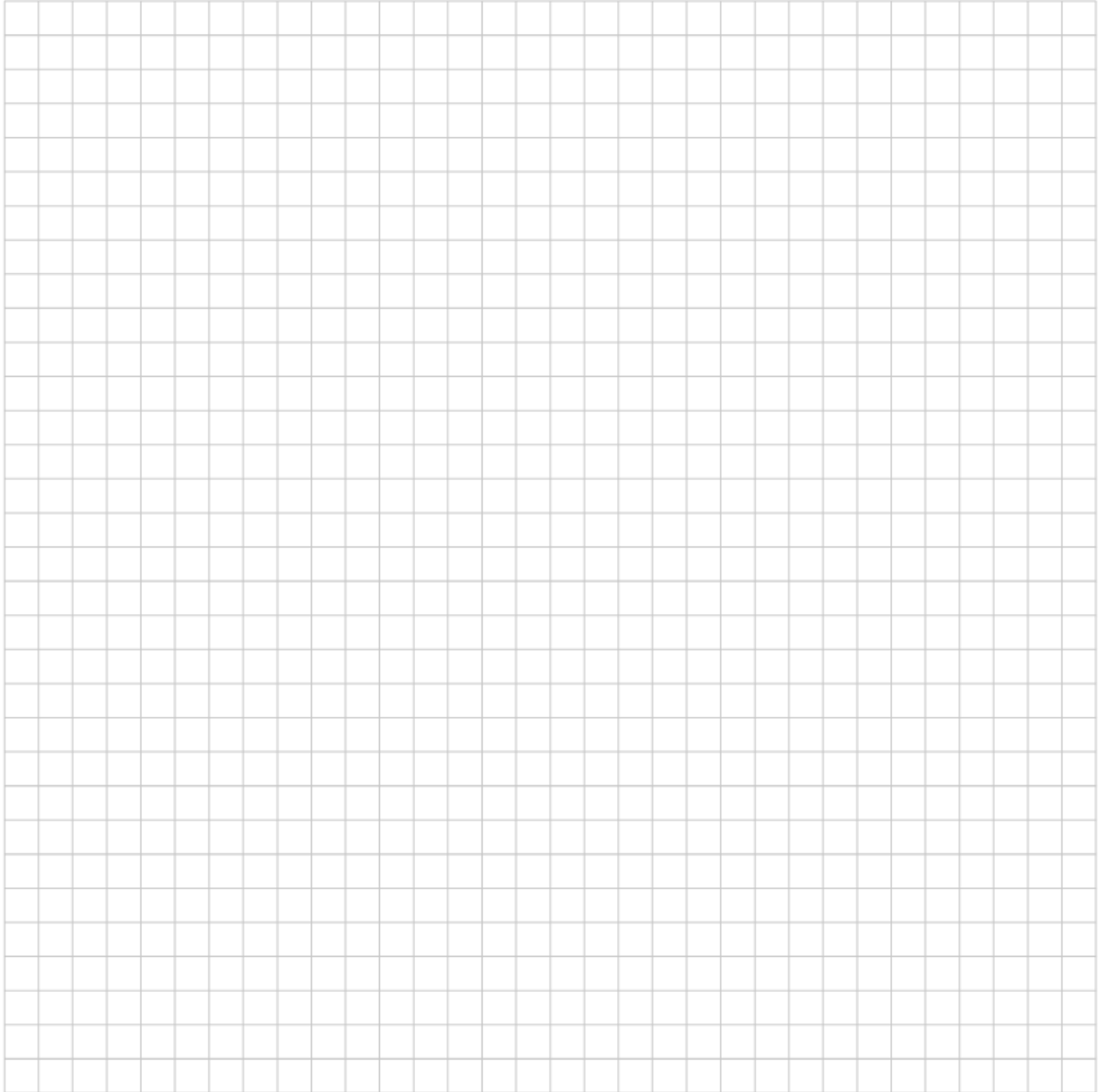
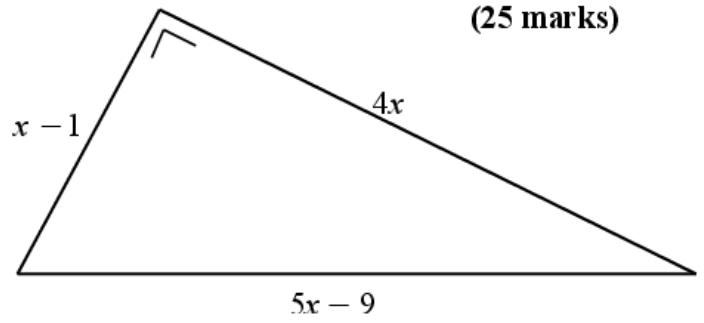


## Question 2

### Question 5

(25 marks)

- (a) (i) The lengths of the sides of a right-angled triangle are given by the expressions  $x - 1$ ,  $4x$ , and  $5x - 9$ , as shown in the diagram. Find the value of  $x$ .



- (ii) Verify, with this value of  $x$ , that the lengths of the sides of the triangle above form a pythagorean triple.





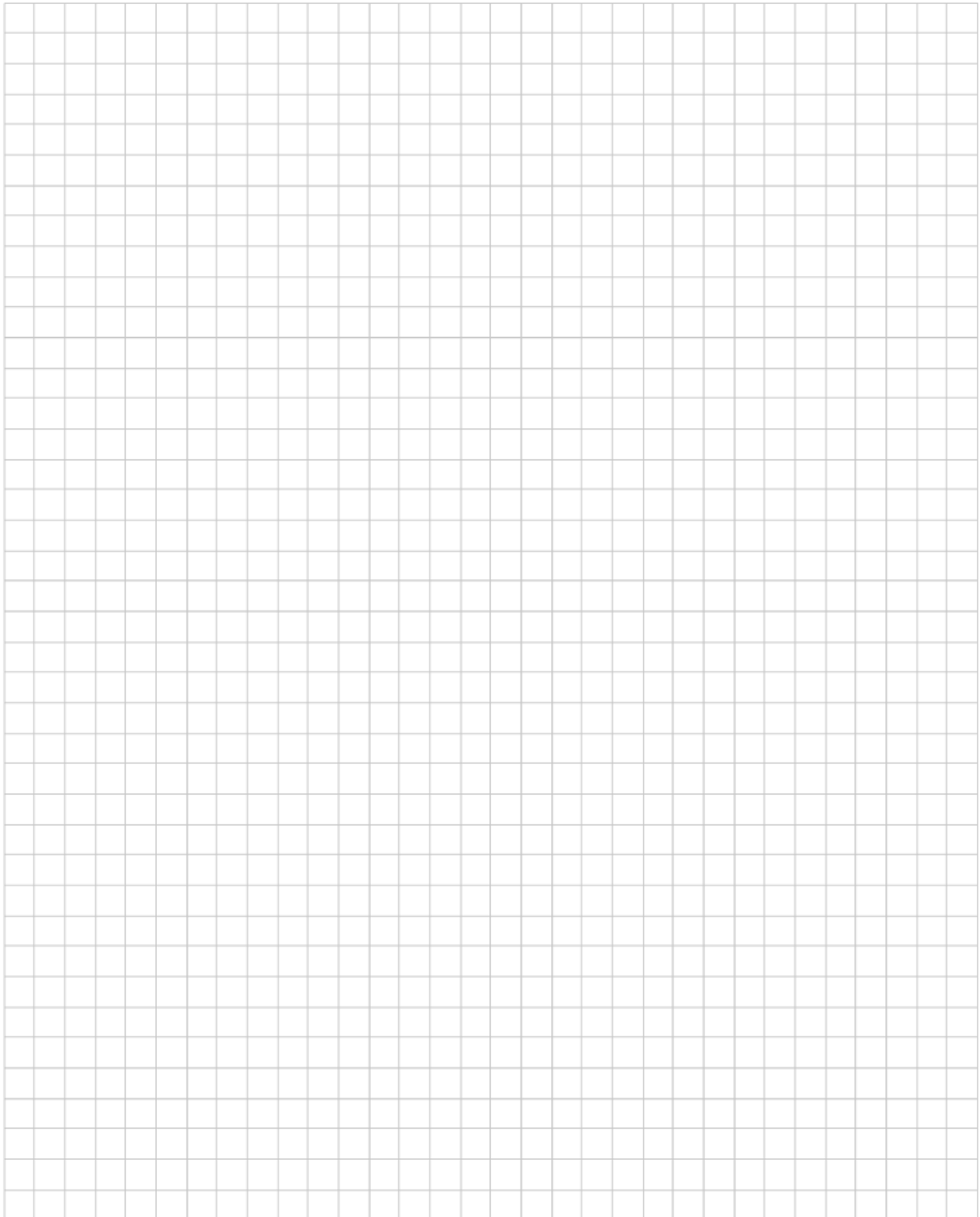
## Question 4

### Question 2

(25 marks)

Solve the equation  $x^3 - 3x^2 - 9x + 11 = 0$ .

Write any irrational solution in the form  $a + b\sqrt{c}$ , where  $a, b, c \in \mathbb{Z}$ .



## Question 5

(a) Solve the equation  $x = \sqrt{x+6}$ ,  $x \in \mathbb{R}$ .



# Question 6

## Question 4

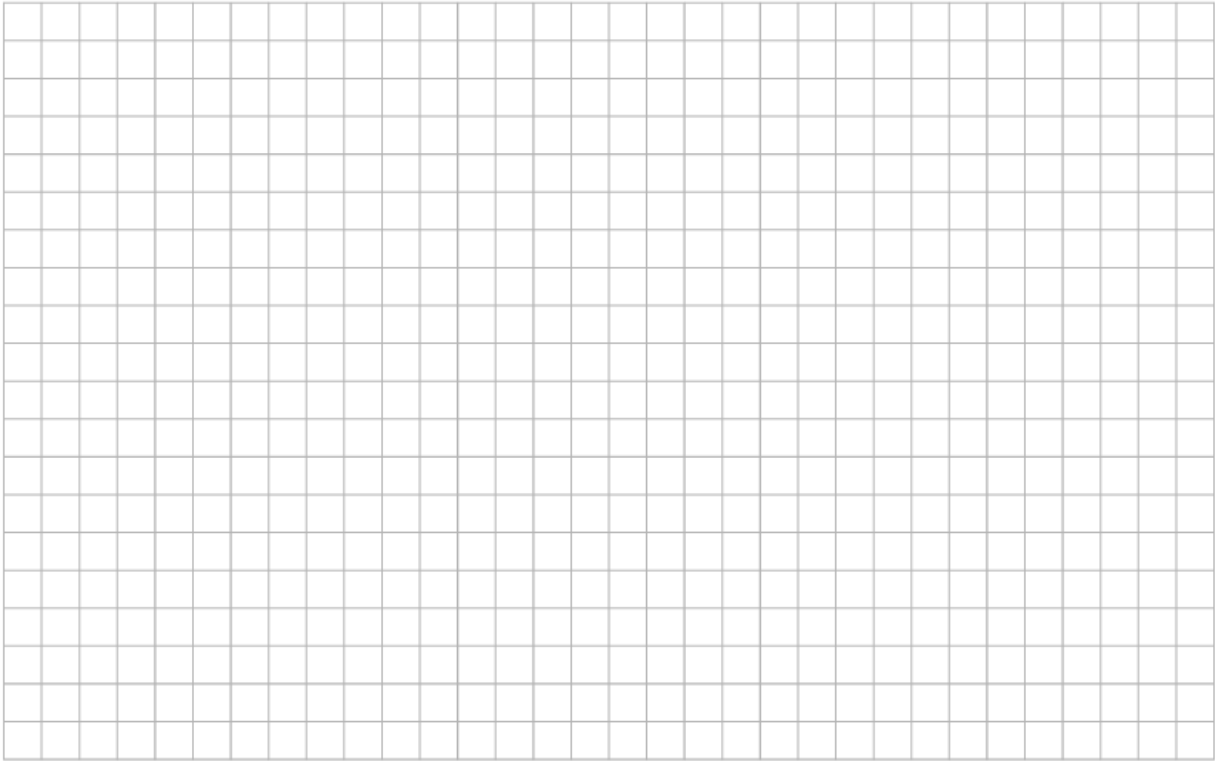
(25 marks)

(a) Solve the simultaneous equations:

$$2x + 8y - 3z = -1$$

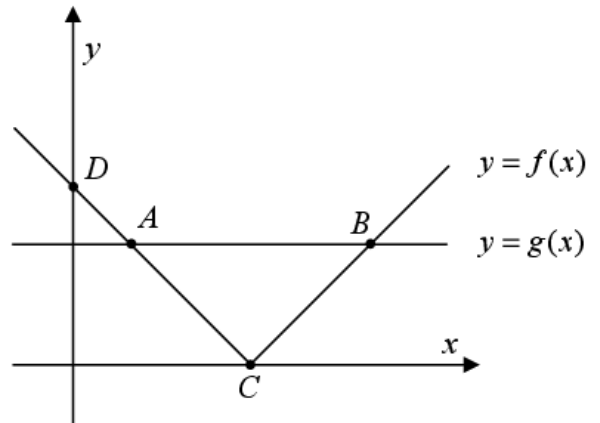
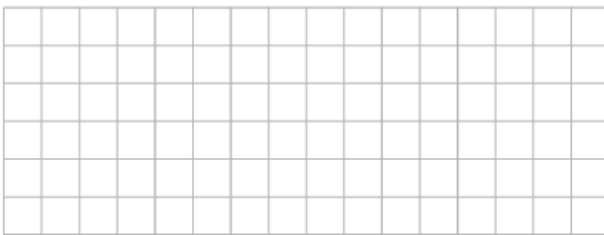
$$2x - 3y + 2z = 2$$

$$2x + y + z = 5.$$



(b) The graphs of the functions  $f : x \mapsto |x - 3|$  and  $g : x \mapsto 2$  are shown in the diagram.

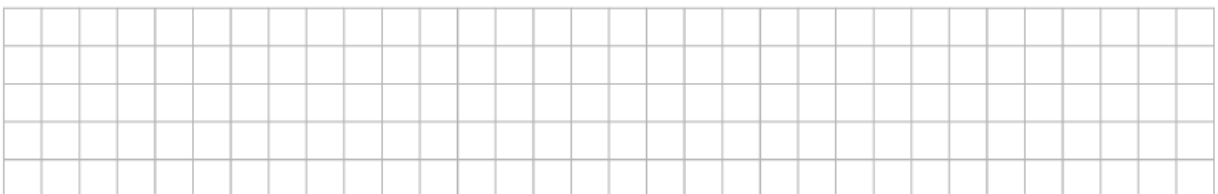
(i) Find the co-ordinates of the points  $A, B, C$  and  $D$ .



$$A = ( \quad , \quad ) \quad B = ( \quad , \quad )$$

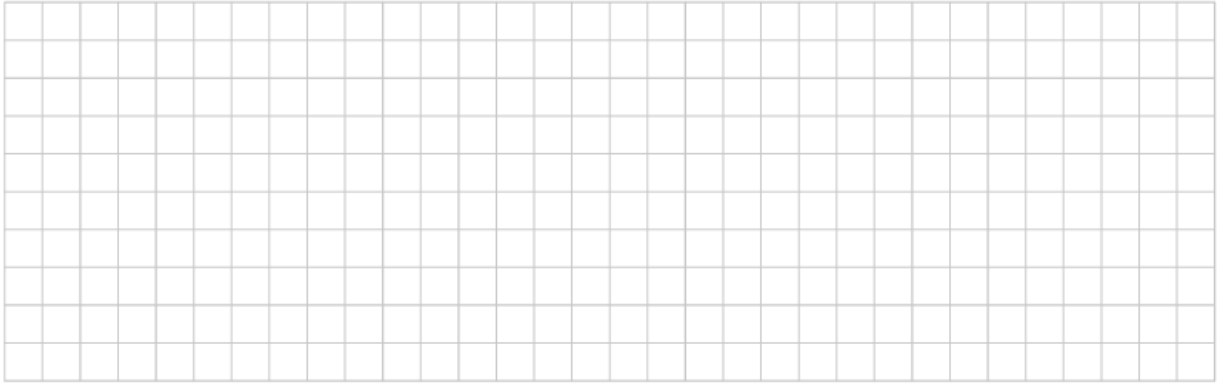
$$C = ( \quad , \quad ) \quad D = ( \quad , \quad )$$

(ii) Hence, or otherwise, solve the inequality  $|x - 3| < 2$ .



## Question 7

- (a) Find the set of all real values of  $x$  for which  $2x^2 + x - 15 \geq 0$ .

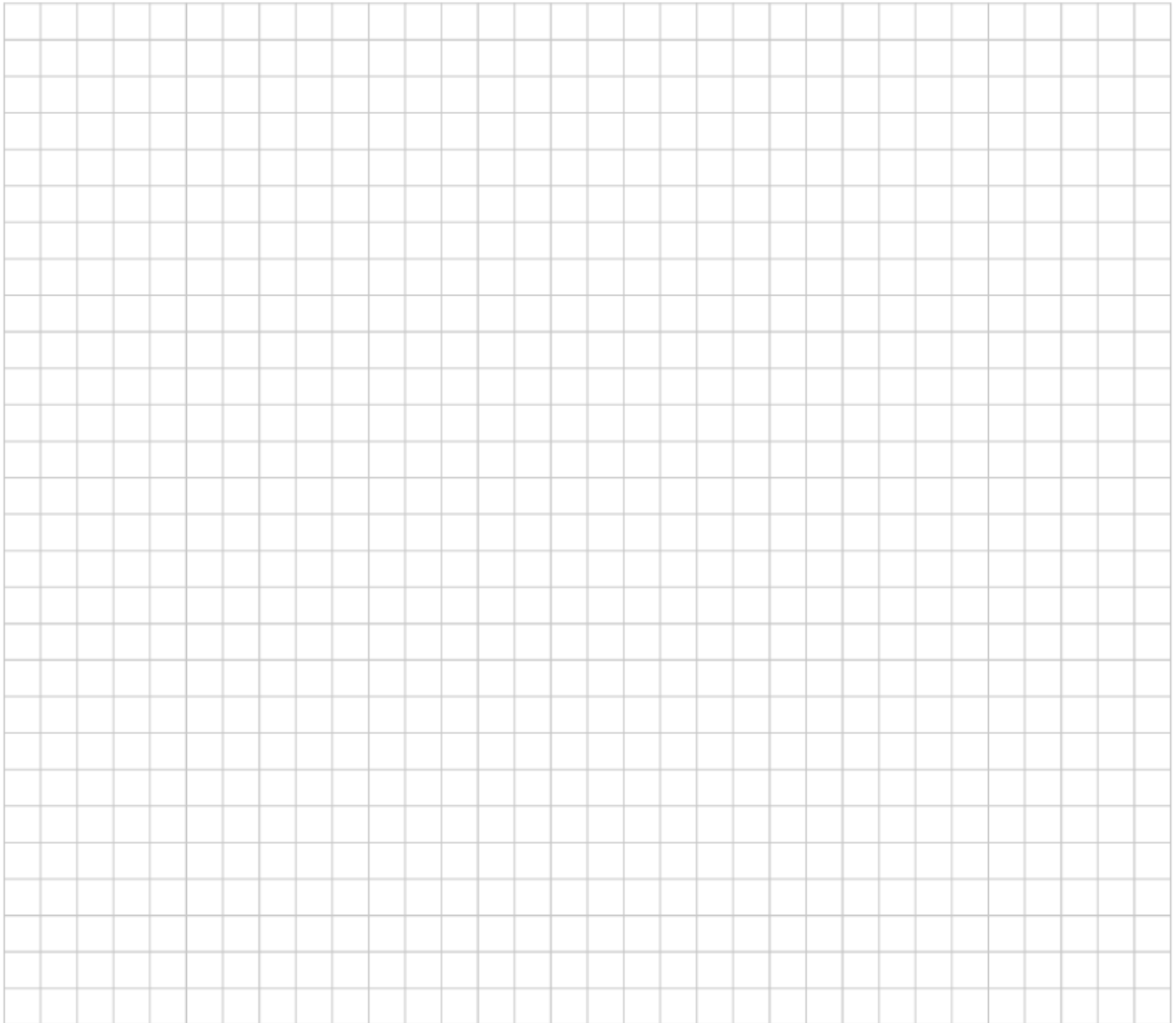


- (b) Solve the simultaneous equations;

$$x + y + z = 16$$

$$\frac{5}{2}x + y + 10z = 40$$

$$2x + \frac{1}{2}y + 4z = 21.$$



# Question 8

## Question 4

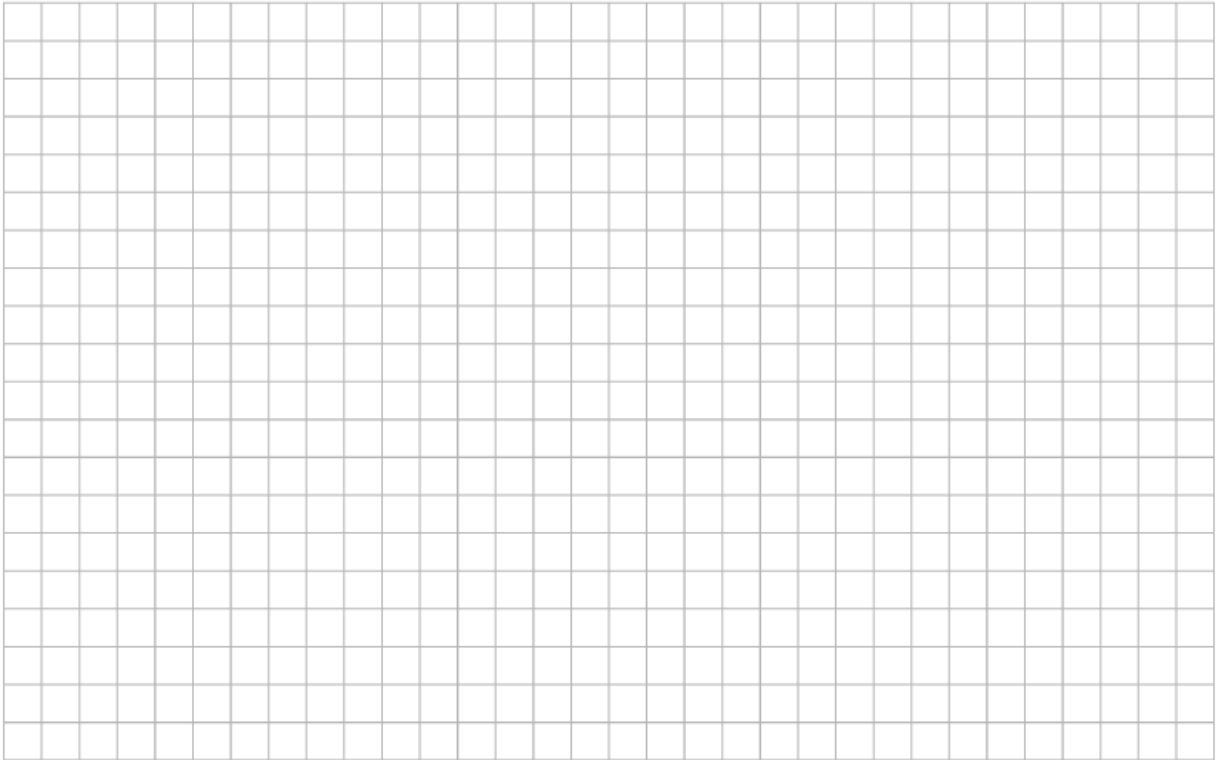
(25 marks)

(a) Solve the simultaneous equations,

$$2x + 8y - 3z = -1$$

$$2x - 3y + 2z = 2$$

$$2x + y + z = 5.$$





# Question 9

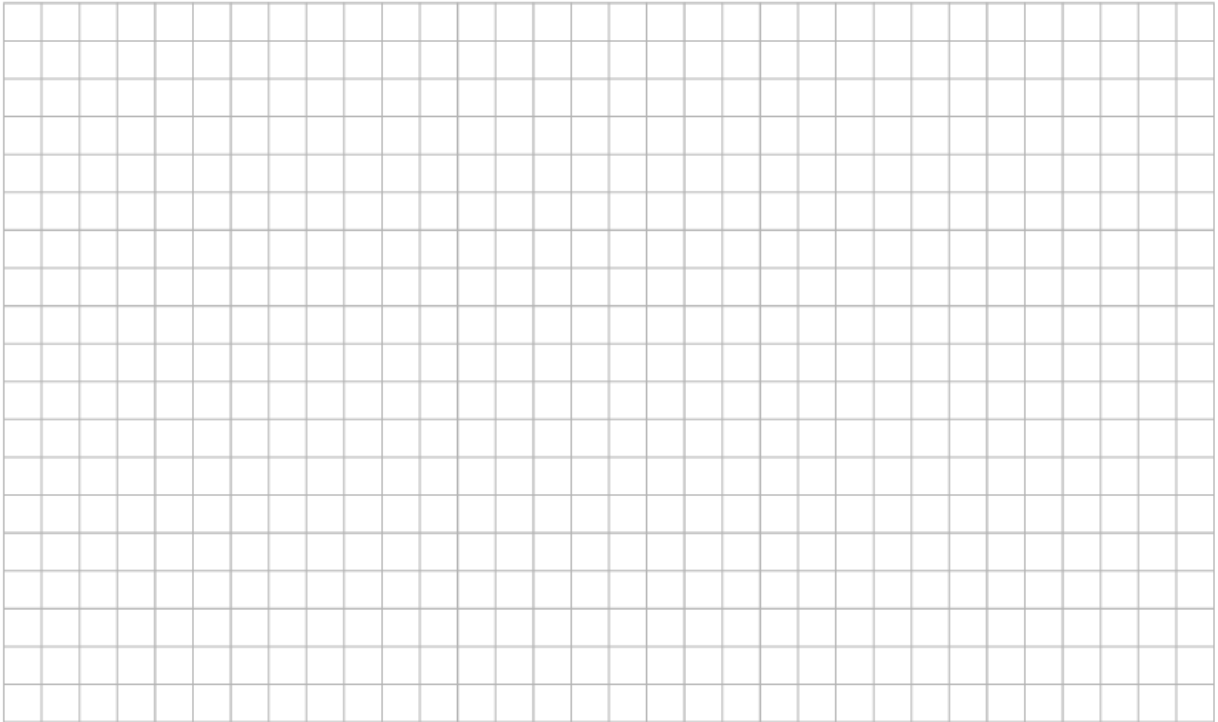
## Question 1

(25 marks)

(a) Solve the simultaneous equations:

$$a^2 - ab + b^2 = 3$$

$$a + 2b + 1 = 0$$



(b) Find the set of all real values of  $x$  for which  $\frac{2x-5}{x-3} \leq \frac{5}{2}$ .

